

Calculating alternative values from Cx and tanDelta

1. Definitions

Basis : parallel equivalent diagram (R in parallel with C_X)

$$\tan \Delta = \frac{I_R}{I_C}$$

$$\omega = 2 * \pi * f \quad (\text{omega} = 2 * \text{Pi} * \text{frequency})$$

2. Calculating currents :

real part (current through resistor) :

$$I_{Re} = U_{Test} * \omega * \tan \Delta * C_X$$

imaginary part (current through C_X) :

$$I_{Im} = U_{Test} * \omega * C_X$$

absolute current (whole current through test object) :

$$I_{Abs} = \sqrt{I_{Im}^2 + I_{Re}^2}$$

3. Calculating Powers

$$S = U_{Test} * I_{Abs} \quad [\text{VA}] \quad (\text{apparent power})$$

$$P = U_{Test} * I_{Re} \quad [\text{W}] \quad (\text{active power})$$

$$Q = U_{Test} * I_{Im} \quad [\text{var}] \quad (\text{reactive power})$$

$$P_{10} = \frac{P_{meas}}{U_{Test}^2} * (10kV)^2 \quad [\text{W}] \quad (\text{Active power related to 10 kV})$$